sion to Greece and Turkey. See section 2391 of this title.

Section 1409, act Apr. 3, 1948, ch. 169, title III, §302, 62 Stat. 158, related to additional appropriations.

Section 1410, act Apr. 3, 1948, ch. 169, title III, §304, 62 Stat. 158, related to detail of certain personnel to missions in Greece and Turkey, and loyalty check.

See section 2151 et seq. of this title.

CHAPTER 17—RELIEF AID TO WARDEVASTATED COUNTRIES

§§ 1411 to 1417. Repealed. Aug. 26, 1954, ch. 937, title V, §542(a)(2), (3), 68 Stat. 861

Section 1411, acts May 31, 1947, ch. 90, \$1, 61 Stat. 125; Dec. 17, 1947, ch. 520, \$16(a), 61 Stat. 399; Apr. 5, 1952, ch. 159, \$1, 66 Stat. 43, related to appropriation; uses; establishment of relief distribution missions; limitations on amounts; and advances by R.F.C.

Section 1412, act May 31, 1947, ch. 90, §2, 61 Stat. 125, related to relief assistance. See sections 2354, 2385, and 2392 of this title.

Section 1413, act May 31, 1947, ch. 90, $\S 3$, 61 Stat. 126, prescribed conditions governing relief assistance. See section 2171 et seq. of this title.

Section 1414, act May 31, 1947, ch. 90, §4, 61 Stat. 127, related to supervision of relief supplies in recipient countries; appointment, compensation, and duties of field administrator; and delegation of President's authority. See sections 2381 and 2385 of this title.

Section 1415, act May 31, 1947, ch. 90, §5, 61 Stat. 127, related to termination of relief by President or Congress. See section 2367 of this title.

Section 1416, act May 31, 1947, ch. 90, §6, 61 Stat. 128, related to sale of relief supplies by recipient country; establishment of special account as revolving fund; termination; and disposition of balance.

Section 1417, act May 31, 1947, ch. 90, §7, 61 Stat. 128, required the President to submit quarterly reports to Congress. See section 2394 of this title.

See section 2151 et seq. of this title.

Foreign Aid Act of 1947, act Dec. 17, 1947, ch. 520, §§1–18, 61 Stat. 934, which provided immediate aid urgently needed by peoples of Austria, China, France, and Italy and which was formerly set out as a note under former section 1411 of this title, was repealed by act Aug. 26, 1954, §542(a)(3).

CHAPTER 18—UNITED STATES INFORMATION AND EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS

SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Congressional declaration of objectives.

1432.	Information on United States participation in
	United Nations.
1433.	Definitions.
1434.	Repealed.
1435.	Delegation of authority by Secretary.
1436.	Restriction on disclosure of information.
1437.	Utilization of private agencies.
1438.	Veterans' preference.
1439 to 1441. Repealed or Omitted.	
1442.	Informational media guaranties.
1442a.	National security measures.

SUBCHAPTER II—INTERCHANGE OF PERSONS, KNOWLEDGE, AND SKILLS BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES

1446. Repealed.

Sec.

1431.

1447. Books and materials.

1448. Assistance to certain institutions abroad founded or sponsored by United States citi-

SUBCHAPTER III—ASSIGNMENT OF SPECIALISTS

1451. Assignment of Government employees to requesting countries; governing regulations.

Sec.

Status and allowances of assigned personnel.
Acceptance of office under foreign governments of assigned personnel; oath of allegiance.

SUBCHAPTER IV—PARTICIPATION BY GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

1456. Utilization of facilities and personnel of other Government agencies; reimbursement to agencies; report to Congress.

1457. Rendition of technical and other services to foreign governments; limitations.

1458. Policy governing rendition of services.

SUBCHAPTER V—DISSEMINATION ABROAD OF INFORMATION ABOUT THE UNITED STATES

1461. General authorization.

1461-1. Mission of United States Information Agency.
1461-1a. Clarification on domestic distribution of program material.

1461a. Omitted.

1461b. Indemnification of owners of short-wave radio facilities against loss or damage.

1461c. Omitted.

1462. Policies governing information activities.

1463. Repealed.

1464. Voice of America/Europe.

1464a. Broadcasting Board of Governors satellite and television.

1464b. Voice of America hiring practices.

SUBCHAPTER V-A—RADIO BROADCASTING TO CUBA

1465. Congressional findings and declaration of purposes.

1465a. Additional functions of Broadcasting Board of Governors.

1465b. Cuba Service.

1465c. Advisory Board for Cuba Broadcasting.

1465d. Assistance from other government agencies.1465e. Compensation for Cuban interference with

1465e. Compensation for Cuban interference with broadcasting in United States.

1465f. Authorization of appropriations.

1465g. Repealed.

SUBCHAPTER V-B—TELEVISION BROADCASTING TO CUBA

1465aa. Findings and purposes.

1465bb. Television broadcasting to Cuba.

1465cc. Television Marti Service.

 $1465 {\tt dd.} \quad \hbox{Assistance from other Government agencies}.$

1465ee. Authorization of appropriations.

SUBCHAPTER VI—ADVISORY COMMISSIONS TO FORMULATE POLICIES

1466 to 1468. Omitted.

1469. United States Advisory Commission on Public Diplomacy.

SUBCHAPTER VII—ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE

1471. Authority of Secretary of State.

1472. Department of State and other Government agencies.

1473. Use of existing Government property and facilities.

1474. Additional authority of Secretary of State or other Government agency authorized to administer provisions.

1475. Travel expenses.

1475a. Replacement of passenger motor vehicles.

1475b, 1475c. Repealed.

1475d. Compensation for disability or death.

1475e. Use of English-teaching program fees.

1475f. Repealed.

1475g. Overseas public diplomacy posts and personnel overseas.

1475h. Overseas public diplomacy grants.

SUBCHAPTER VIII—APPROPRIATIONS AND OTHER FUNDS

1476. Repealed.

Sec.

1477. Transfer of funds.

1477a, 1477b. Omitted or Repealed.

1477c. Notification and award of grants.

1478. Reimbursement of program expenses from sources other than appropriations; disposi-

tion of receipts.

1479. Advancement of funds, property, or services by foreign governments; disposition; availability; return of unexpended balances or property.

1480. Repealed.

SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 1431. Congressional declaration of objectives

The Congress declares that the objectives of this chapter are to enable the Government of the United States to promote a better understanding of the United States in other countries, and to increase mutual understanding between the people of the United States and the people of other countries. Among the means to be used in achieving these objectives are—

(1) an information service to disseminate abroad information about the United States, its people, and policies promulgated by the Congress, the President, the Secretary of State and other responsible officials of Government having to do with matters affecting foreign affairs;

(2) Repealed. Pub. L. 87–256, §111(a)(2), Sept. 21, 1961, 75 Stat. 538.

(Jan. 27, 1948, ch. 36, title I, § 2, 62 Stat. 6; Pub. L. 87–256, § 111(a)(2), Sept. 21, 1961, 75 Stat. 538.)

Editorial Notes

AMENDMENTS

1961—Pub. L. 87–256 repealed par. (2) which authorized an educational exchange service to cooperate with other nations in the interchange of persons, knowledge, and skills, in the rendering of technical and other services, and in the interchange of developments in the field of education, the arts, and sciences. See section 2451 et seq. of this title.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

TERMINATION OF CHAPTER

Act Jan. 27, 1948, ch. 36, title X, §1006, 62 Stat. 14, provided that: "The authority granted under this Act [this chapter] shall terminate whenever such termination is directed by concurrent resolution of the two Houses of the Congress."

SHORT TITLE OF 1983 AMENDMENT

For short title of Pub. L. 98-111, which enacted subchapter V-A of this chapter, as the "Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act", see section 1 of Pub. L. 98-111, set out as a Short Title note under section 1465 of this title

SHORT TITLE OF 1973 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 93–168, §1, Nov. 29, 1973, 87 Stat. 688, provided: "That this Act [amending former section 1476 of this title] may be cited as the 'United States Information Agency Appropriations Authorization Act of 1973'."

SHORT TITLE

Act Jan. 27, 1948, ch. 36, title I, §1, 62 Stat. 6, provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948'."

SEPARABILITY

Act Jan. 27, 1948, ch. 36, title X, §1010, 62 Stat. 14, provided that: "If any provision of this Act [enacting this

chapter] or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act [this chapter] and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby."

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All functions vested in the President, the Secretary of State, the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, or the Director thereof, under this chapter, were transferred to the Director of the International Communication Agency by Reorg. Plan No. 2 of 1977, §7(a)(1), 42 F.R. 62461, 91 Stat. 1637, set out under section 1461 of this title, effective on or before July 1, 1978, at such time as specified by the President, except to the extent that such functions were vested in the President under sections 1452, 1456, and 1467 of this title. The International Communication Agency, and the Director thereof, were redesignated the United States Information Agency, and the Director thereof, by section 303 of Pub. L. 97-241, title III, Aug. 24, 1982, 96 Stat. 291, set out as a note under section 1461 of this title. United States Information Agency (other than Broadcasting Board of Governors and International Broadcasting Bureau) abolished and functions transferred to Secretary of State, see sections 6531 and 6532 of this title.

PROMOTION OF FREE MEDIA AND OTHER AMERICAN VALUES

Pub. L. 108-458, title VII, §7108, Dec. 17, 2004, 118 Stat. 3790, provided that:

"(a) PROMOTION OF UNITED STATES VALUES THROUGH BROADCAST MEDIA.—

"(1) FINDINGS.—Consistent with the report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, Congress makes the following findings:

"(A) Although the United States has demonstrated and promoted its values in defending Muslims against tyrants and criminals in Somalia, Bosnia, Kosovo, Afghanistan, and Iraq, this message is neither convincingly presented nor widely understood.

"(B) If the United States does not act to vigorously define its message in countries with predominantly Muslim populations, the image of the United States will be defined by Islamic extremists who seek to demonize the United States.

"(C) Recognizing that many Muslim audiences rely on satellite television and radio, the United States Government has launched promising initiatives in television and radio broadcasting to the Islamic world, including Iran and Afghanistan.

"(2) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

"(A) the United States must do more to defend and promote its values and ideals to the broadest possible audience in countries with predominantly Muslim populations:

"(B) United States efforts to defend and promote these values and ideals are beginning to ensure that accurate expressions of these values reach large Muslim audiences and should be robustly supported;

"(C) the United States Government could and should do more to engage Muslim audiences in the struggle of ideas; and

"(D) the United States Government should more intensively employ existing broadcast media in the Islamic world as part of this engagement.

"(b) Enhancing Free and Independent Media.—

``(1) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

"(A) Freedom of speech and freedom of the press are fundamental human rights.

"(B) The United States has a national interest in promoting these freedoms by supporting free media abroad, which is essential to the development of