

(b) **LIMITATION.**—A claim for relief with respect to a fraudulent transfer or obligation under this subchapter is extinguished unless action is brought—

- (1) under section 3304(b)(1)(A) within 6 years after the transfer was made or the obligation was incurred or, if later, within 2 years after the transfer or obligation was or could reasonably have been discovered by the claimant;
- (2) under subsection (a)(1) or (b)(1)(B) of section 3304 within 6 years after the transfer was made or the obligation was incurred; or
- (3) under section 3304(a)(2) within 2 years after the transfer was made or the obligation was incurred.

(Added Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXVI, §3611, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4963.)

**Editorial Notes**

**REFERENCES IN TEXT**

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, referred to in subsec. (a), are set out in the Appendix to this title.

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective 180 days after Nov. 29, 1990, and applicable with respect to certain actions for debts owed the United States pending in court on that effective date, see section 3631 of Pub. L. 101-647, set out as a note under section 3001 of this title.

**§ 3307. Defenses, liability, and protection of transferee**

(a) **GOOD FAITH TRANSFER.**—A transfer or obligation is not voidable under section 3304(b) with respect to a person who took in good faith and for a reasonably equivalent value or against any transferee or obligee subsequent to such person.

(b) **LIMITATION.**—Except as provided in subsection (d), to the extent a transfer is voidable in an action or proceeding by the United States under section 3306(a)(1), the United States may recover judgment for the value of the asset transferred, but not to exceed the judgment on a debt. The judgment may be entered against—

- (1) the first transferee of the asset or the person for whose benefit the transfer was made; or
- (2) any subsequent transferee, other than a good faith transferee who took for value or any subsequent transferee of such good-faith transferee.

(c) **VALUE OF ASSET.**—For purposes of subsection (b), the value of the asset is the value of the asset at the time of the transfer, subject to adjustment as the equities may require.

(d) **RIGHTS OF GOOD FAITH TRANSFEREES AND OBLIGEES.**—Notwithstanding voidability of a transfer or an obligation under this subchapter, a good-faith transferee or obligee is entitled, to the extent of the value given the debtor for the transfer or obligation, to—

- (1) a lien on or a right to retain any interest in the asset transferred;
- (2) enforcement of any obligation incurred; or
- (3) a reduction in the amount of the liability on the judgment.

(e) **EXCEPTIONS.**—A transfer is not voidable under section 3304(a) or section 3304(b)(2) if the transfer results from—

(1) termination of a lease upon default by the debtor when the termination is pursuant to the lease and applicable law; or

(2) enforcement of a security interest in compliance with article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code or its equivalent in effect in the State where the property is located.

(f) **LIMITATION OF VOIDABILITY.**—A transfer is not voidable under section 3304(a)(2)—

- (1) to the extent the insider gives new value to or for the benefit of the debtor after the transfer is made unless the new value is secured by a valid lien;
- (2) if made in the ordinary course of business or financial affairs of the debtor and the insider; or
- (3) if made pursuant to a good-faith effort to rehabilitate the debtor and the transfer secured both present value given for that purpose and an antecedent debt of the debtor.

(Added Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXVI, §3611, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4963.)

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective 180 days after Nov. 29, 1990, and applicable with respect to certain actions for debts owed the United States pending in court on that effective date, see section 3631 of Pub. L. 101-647, set out as a note under section 3001 of this title.

**§ 3308. Supplementary provision**

Except as provided in this subchapter, the principles of law and equity, including the law merchant and the law relating to principal and agent, estoppel, laches, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake, insolvency, or other validating or invalidating cause shall apply to actions and proceedings under this subchapter.

(Added Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXVI, §3611, Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4964.)

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective 180 days after Nov. 29, 1990, and applicable with respect to certain actions for debts owed the United States pending in court on that effective date, see section 3631 of Pub. L. 101-647, set out as a note under section 3001 of this title.

**CHAPTER 178—PROFESSIONAL AND AMATEUR SPORTS PROTECTION**

Sec.	
3701.	Definitions.
3702.	Unlawful sports gambling.
3703.	Injunctions.
3704.	Applicability.

**§ 3701. Definitions**

For purposes of this chapter—

(1) the term “amateur sports organization” means—

- (A) a person or governmental entity that sponsors, organizes, schedules, or conducts a competitive game in which one or more amateur athletes participate, or
- (B) a league or association of persons or governmental entities described in subparagraph (A),