

1972, 86 Stat. 78, as amended Pub. L. 94-237, §6(a), Mar. 19, 1976, 90 Stat. 244; Pub. L. 94-581, title I, §111(c)(2), Oct. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2852; renumbered §526 of act July 1, 1944, Apr. 26, 1983, Pub. L. 98-24, §2(b)(16)(B), 97 Stat. 182; renumbered §547, July 22, 1987, Pub. L. 100-77, title VI, §611(2), 101 Stat. 516, which related to admission of drug abusers to private and public hospitals, was omitted in the general revision of this part by Pub. L. 102-321.

AMENDMENTS

2018—Pub. L. 115-271 amended section generally. Prior to amendment, section authorized the Secretary to award grants to recovery community organizations to enable such organizations to develop, expand, and enhance recovery services, set the Federal share of program costs at no more than 50 percent, and appropriated \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2017 through 2021.

§ 290ee-2a. Peer support technical assistance center

(a) Establishment

The Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary, shall establish or operate a National Peer-Run Training and Technical Assistance Center for Addiction Recovery Support (referred to in this section as the “Center”).

(b) Functions

The Center established under subsection (a) shall provide technical assistance and support to recovery community organizations and peer support networks, including such assistance and support related to—

- (1) training on identifying—
 - (A) signs of substance use disorder;
 - (B) resources to assist individuals with a substance use disorder, or resources for families of an individual with a substance use disorder; and
 - (C) best practices for the delivery of recovery support services;
- (2) the provision of translation services, interpretation, or other such services for clients with limited English speaking proficiency;
- (3) data collection to support research, including for translational research;
- (4) capacity building; and
- (5) evaluation and improvement, as necessary, of the effectiveness of such services provided by recovery community organizations.

(c) Best practices

The Center established under subsection (a) shall periodically issue best practices for use by recovery community organizations and peer support networks.

(d) Recovery community organization

In this section, the term “recovery community organization” has the meaning given such term in section 290ee-2 of this title.

(e) Authorization of appropriations

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title V, §547A, as added Pub. L. 115-271, title VII, §7152, Oct. 24, 2018, 132 Stat. 4058.)

§ 290ee-3. State demonstration grants for comprehensive opioid abuse response

(a) Definitions

In this section:

(1) Dispenser

The term “dispenser” has the meaning given the term in section 802 of title 21.

(2) Prescriber

The term “prescriber” means a dispenser who prescribes a controlled substance, or the agent of such a dispenser.

(3) Prescriber of a schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance

The term “prescriber of a schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance” does not include a prescriber of a schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance that dispenses the substance—

- (A) for use on the premises on which the substance is dispensed;
- (B) in a hospital emergency room, when the substance is in short supply;
- (C) for a certified opioid treatment program; or
- (D) in other situations as the Secretary may reasonably determine.

(4) Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance

The term “schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance” means a controlled substance that is listed on schedule II, schedule III, or schedule IV of section 812(c) of title 21.

(b) Grants for comprehensive opioid abuse response

(1) In general

The Secretary shall award grants to States, and combinations of States, to implement an integrated opioid abuse response initiative.

(2) Purposes

A State receiving a grant under this section shall establish a comprehensive response plan to opioid abuse, which may include—

- (A) education efforts around opioid use, treatment, and addiction recovery, including education of residents, medical students, and physicians and other prescribers of schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances on relevant prescribing guidelines, the prescription drug monitoring program of the State described in subparagraph (B), and overdose prevention methods;
- (B) establishing, maintaining, or improving a comprehensive prescription drug monitoring program to track dispensing of schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances, which may—
 - (i) provide for data sharing with other States; and
 - (ii) allow all individuals authorized by the State to write prescriptions for schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances to access the prescription drug monitoring program of the State;
- (C) developing, implementing, or expanding prescription drug and opioid addiction treatment programs by—
 - (i) expanding the availability of treatment for prescription drug and opioid ad-