and may, for other homeowners, offer to replace the privately owned portion of the lead service line at no cost to the homeowner;" for "may, in the case of a low-income homeowner, offer to replace the privately owned portion of the lead service line at a cost that is equal to the difference between—

"(i) the cost of replacement; and

"(ii) the amount of assistance available to the low-income homeowner under paragraph (5);".

Subsec. (b)(6)(E). Pub. L. 117–58, \$50105(2)(B)(iv), substituted "feasible alternatives for reducing the concentration of lead in drinking water, such as corrosion control; and" for "other options for reducing the concentration of lead in its drinking water, including an evaluation of options for corrosion control.".

Subsec. (b)(6)(F). Pub. L. 117–58, 50105(2)(B)(iii), (v), added subpar. (F).

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 117-58, \$50105(4), (5), added subsec. (d) and redesignated former subsec. (d) as (e).

Pub. L. 117–58, \$50105(3), substituted "this section (except for subsection (d)) \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026" for "this section \$60,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2017 through 2021".

Subsecs. (e), (f). Pub. L. 117-58, 50105(4), redesignated subsecs. (d) and (e) as (e) and (f), respectively.

§ 300j-19c. Study on intractable water systems

(a) Definition of intractable water system

In this section, the term "intractable water system" means a community water system or a noncommunity water system—

- (1) that serves fewer than 1,000 individuals;
- (2) the owner or operator of which—
- (A) is unable or unwilling to provide safe and adequate service to those individuals;
- (B) has abandoned or effectively abandoned the community water system or non-community water system, as applicable;
- (C) has defaulted on a financial obligation relating to the community water system or noncommunity water system, as applicable; or
- (D) fails to maintain the facilities of the community water system or noncommunity water system, as applicable, in a manner so as to prevent a potential public health hazard; and
- (3) that is, as of October 23, 2018—
- (A) in significant noncompliance with this chapter or any regulation promulgated pursuant to this chapter; or
- (B) listed as having a history of significant noncompliance with this subchapter pursuant to section 300g-9(b)(1) of this title.

(b) Study required

(1) In general

Not later than 2 years after October 23, 2018, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall complete a study that—

- (A) identifies intractable water systems; and
- (B) describes barriers to delivery of potable water to individuals served by an intractable water system.

(2) Report to Congress

Not later than 2 years after October 23, 2018, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report describing findings and recommendations based on the study under this subsection.

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title XIV, §1459C, as added Pub. L. 115–270, title II, §2003, Oct. 23, 2018, 132 Stat. 3841)

§ 300j-19d. Review of technologies

(a) Review

The Administrator, after consultation with appropriate departments and agencies of the Federal Government and with State and local governments, shall review (or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements to provide for a review of) existing and potential methods, means, equipment, and technologies (including review of cost, availability, and efficacy of such methods, means, equipment, and technologies) that—

- (1) ensure the physical integrity of community water systems;
- (2) prevent, detect, and respond to any contaminant for which a national primary drinking water regulation has been promulgated in community water systems and source water for community water systems;
- (3) allow for use of alternate drinking water supplies from nontraditional sources; and
- (4) facilitate source water assessment and protection.

(b) Inclusions

The review under subsection (a) shall include review of methods, means, equipment, and technologies—

- (1) that are used for corrosion protection, metering, leak detection, or protection against water loss:
- (2) that are intelligent systems, including hardware, software, or other technology, used to assist in protection and detection described in paragraph (1);
- (3) that are point-of-use devices or point-ofentry devices:
- (4) that are physical or electronic systems that monitor, or assist in monitoring, contaminants in drinking water in real-time; and
- (5) that allow for the use of nontraditional sources for drinking water, including physical separation and chemical and biological transformation technologies.

(c) Availability

The Administrator shall make the results of the review under subsection (a) available to the public.

(d) Authorization of appropriations

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to carry out this section \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, which shall remain available until expended.

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title XIV, §1459D, as added Pub. L. 115–270, title II, §2017, Oct. 23, 2018, 132 Stat. 3856.)

§ 300j-19e. Water infrastructure and workforce investment

(a) Definition of public works department or agency

In this section, the term "public works department or agency" means a political subdivision of a local, county, or regional government that