of solid waste shall insure compliance with such guidelines and the purposes of this chapter in the disposal of such waste.

(4) The President or the Committee on House Oversight of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate with regard to any unit of the legislative branch of the Federal Government shall prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection.

# (b) Licenses and permits

Each Executive agency which issues any license or permit for disposal of solid waste shall, prior to the issuance of such license or permit, consult with the Administrator to insure compliance with guidelines recommended under section 6907 of this title and the purposes of this chapter.

(Pub. L. 89–272, title II, 6004, as added Pub. L. 94–580, 2, Oct. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2823; amended Pub. L. 95–609, 7(o), Nov. 8, 1978, 92 Stat. 3083; Pub. L. 96–482, 2, Oct. 21, 1980, 94 Stat. 2347; Pub. L. 104–186, title II, 222(2), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1751.)

#### **Editorial Notes**

### PRIOR PROVISIONS

Provisions similar to those in this section were contained in section 3254e of this title, prior to the general amendment of the Solid Waste Disposal Act by Pub. L. 94-580.

#### AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (a)(4). Pub. L. 104–186 substituted "House Oversight" for "House Administration".

1980—Subsec. (a)(1)(A). Pub. L. 96–482,  $\S23(1)$ , inserted reference to any unit of the legislative branch of the Federal Government.

Subsec. (a)(2). Pub. L. 96-482, §23(2), required any unit of the legislative branch of the Federal Government to insure compliance with solid waste disposal guidelines.

Subsec. (a)(4). Pub. L. 96-482, §23(3), required House Committee on House Administration and Senate Committee on Rules and Administration with regard to any unit of the legislative branch of the Federal Government to prescribe implementing regulations.

1978—Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 95–609,  $\S7(o)(1)$ , (2), substituted "management" for "disposal" in two places.

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 95-609,  $\S7(o)(3)$ , substituted "Administrator" for "Secretary".

# Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

## CHANGE OF NAME

Committee on House Oversight of House of Representatives changed to Committee on House Administration of House of Representatives by House Resolution No. 5, One Hundred Sixth Congress, Jan. 6, 1999.

## **Executive Documents**

# TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of certain enforcement functions of Administrator or other official of Environmental Protection Agency under this chapter to Federal Inspector, Office of Federal Inspector for the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System, and subsequent transfer to Secretary of Energy, then to Federal Coordinator for Alaska Natural Gas Transportation Projects, see note set out under section 6903 of this title.

# § 6965. Chief Financial Officer report

The Chief Financial Officer of each affected agency shall submit to Congress an annual re-

port containing, to the extent practicable, a detailed description of the compliance activities undertaken by the agency for mixed waste streams, and an accounting of the fines and penalties imposed on the agency for violations involving mixed waste.

(Pub. L. 102–386, title I, §110, Oct. 6, 1992, 106 Stat. 1516.)

#### **Editorial Notes**

#### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Federal Facility Compliance Act of 1992, and not as part of the Solid Waste Disposal Act which comprises this chapter.

# § 6966. Increased use of recovered mineral component in federally funded projects involving procurement of cement or concrete

## (a) Definitions

In this section:

#### (1) Agency head

The term "agency head" means—

- (A) the Secretary of Transportation; and
- (B) the head of any other Federal agency that, on a regular basis, procures, or provides Federal funds to pay or assist in paying the cost of procuring, material for cement or concrete projects.

# (2) Cement or concrete project

The term "cement or concrete project" means a project for the construction or maintenance of a highway or other transportation facility or a Federal, State, or local government building or other public facility that—

- (A) involves the procurement of cement or concrete; and
- (B) is carried out, in whole or in part, using Federal funds.

### (3) Recovered mineral component

The term "recovered mineral component" means—

- (A) ground granulated blast furnace slag, excluding lead slag;
  - (B) coal combustion fly ash; and
- (C) any other waste material or byproduct recovered or diverted from solid waste that the Administrator, in consultation with an agency head, determines should be treated as recovered mineral component under this section for use in cement or concrete projects paid for, in whole or in part, by the agency head.

# (b) Implementation of requirements

# (1) In general

Not later than 1 year after August 8, 2005, the Administrator and each agency head shall take such actions as are necessary to implement fully all procurement requirements and incentives in effect as of August 8, 2005 (including guidelines under section 6962 of this title) that provide for the use of cement and concrete incorporating recovered mineral component in cement or concrete projects.

### (2) Priority

In carrying out paragraph (1), an agency head shall give priority to achieving greater use of recovered mineral component in cement or concrete projects for which recovered mineral components historically have not been used or have been used only minimally.

### (3) Federal procurement requirements

The Administrator and each agency head shall carry out this subsection in accordance with section 6962 of this title.

# (c) Full implementation study

### (1) In general

The Administrator, in cooperation with the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy, shall conduct a study to determine the extent to which procurement requirements, when fully implemented in accordance with subsection (b), may realize energy savings and environmental benefits attainable with substitution of recovered mineral component in cement used in cement or concrete projects.

# (2) Matters to be addressed

The study shall—

- (A) quantify—
- (i) the extent to which recovered mineral components are being substituted for Portland cement, particularly as a result of procurement requirements; and
- (ii) the energy savings and environmental benefits associated with the substitution;
- (B) identify all barriers in procurement requirements to greater realization of energy savings and environmental benefits, including barriers resulting from exceptions from the law; and
- (C)(i) identify potential mechanisms to achieve greater substitution of recovered mineral component in types of cement or concrete projects for which recovered mineral components historically have not been used or have been used only minimally;
- (ii) evaluate the feasibility of establishing guidelines or standards for optimized substitution rates of recovered mineral component in those cement or concrete projects; and
- (iii) identify any potential environmental or economic effects that may result from greater substitution of recovered mineral component in those cement or concrete projects.

# (3) Report

Not later than 30 months after August 8, 2005, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the study.

# (d) Additional procurement requirements

Unless the study conducted under subsection (c) identifies any effects or other problems described in subsection (c)(2)(C)(iii) that warrant further review or delay, the Administrator and each agency head shall, not later than 1 year after the date on which the report under subsection (c)(3) is submitted, take additional actions under this chapter to establish procurement requirements and incentives that provide for the use of cement and concrete with increased substitution of recovered mineral component in the construction and maintenance of cement or concrete projects—

- (1) to realize more fully the energy savings and environmental benefits associated with increased substitution; and
- (2) to eliminate barriers identified under subsection (c)(2)(B).

#### (e) Effect of section

Nothing in this section affects the requirements of section 6962 of this title (including the guidelines and specifications for implementing those requirements).

(Pub. L. 89–272, title II, \$6005, as added Pub. L. 109–58, title I, \$108(a), Aug. 8, 2005, 119 Stat. 612.)

#### **Editorial Notes**

### CODIFICATION

Another section 6005 of Pub. L. 89–272 is classified to section 6966a of this title.

## § 6966a. Increased use of recovered mineral component in federally funded projects involving procurement of cement or concrete

#### (a) Definitions

In this section:

#### (1) Agency head

The term "agency head" means—

- (A) the Secretary of Transportation; and
- (B) the head of each other Federal agency that on a regular basis procures, or provides Federal funds to pay or assist in paying the cost of procuring, material for cement or concrete projects.

# (2) Cement or concrete project

The term "cement or concrete project" means a project for the construction or maintenance of a highway or other transportation facility or a Federal, State, or local government building or other public facility that—

- (A) involves the procurement of cement or concrete; and
- (B) is carried out in whole or in part using Federal funds.

# (3) Recovered mineral component

The term "recovered mineral component" means—

- (A) ground granulated blast furnace slag other than lead slag;
  - (B) coal combustion fly ash;
- (C) blast furnace slag aggregate other than lead slag aggregate;
  - (D) silica fume; and
- (E) any other waste material or byproduct recovered or diverted from solid waste that the Administrator, in consultation with an agency head, determines should be treated as recovered mineral component under this section for use in cement or concrete projects paid for, in whole or in part, by the agency head.

# (b) Implementation of requirements

# (1) In general

Not later than 1 year after August 10, 2005, the Administrator and each agency head shall take such actions as are necessary to implement fully all procurement requirements and incentives in effect as of August 10, 2005 (in-