

(20) Global maritime distress and safety services or GMDSS

The term “global maritime distress and safety services” or “GMDSS” means the automated ship-to-shore distress alerting system which uses satellite and advanced terrestrial systems for international distress communications and promoting maritime safety in general. The GMDSS permits the worldwide alerting of vessels, coordinated search and rescue operations, and dissemination of maritime safety information.

(21) National security agency

The term “national security agency” means the National Security Agency, the Director of Central Intelligence and the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of Defense, and the Coast Guard.

(b) Common terminology

Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a), terms used in this subchapter that are defined in section 153 of this title have the meanings provided in such section.

(Pub. L. 87-624, title VI, §681, as added Pub. L. 106-180, §3, Mar. 17, 2000, 114 Stat. 58.)

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**CHANGE OF NAME**

Reference to the Director of Central Intelligence or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency in the Director’s capacity as the head of the intelligence community deemed to be a reference to the Director of National Intelligence. Reference to the Director of Central Intelligence or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency in the Director’s capacity as the head of the Central Intelligence Agency deemed to be a reference to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. See section 1081(a), (b) of Pub. L. 108-458, set out as a note under section 3001 of Title 50, War and National Defense.

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of authorities, functions, personnel, and assets of the Coast Guard, including the authorities and functions of the Secretary of Transportation relating thereto, to the Department of Homeland Security, and for treatment of related references, see sections 468(b), 551(d), 552(d), and 557 of Title 6, Domestic Security, and the Department of Homeland Security Reorganization Plan of November 25, 2002, as modified, set out as a note under section 542 of Title 6.

CHAPTER 7—CAMPAIGN COMMUNICATIONS**§§ 801 to 805. Repealed. Pub. L. 93-443, title II, §205(b), Oct. 15, 1974, 88 Stat. 1278**

Section 801, Pub. L. 92-225, title I, §102, Feb. 7, 1972, 86 Stat. 3, related to definitions for purposes of this chapter.

Section 802, Pub. L. 92-225, title I, §103(b), Feb. 7, 1972, 86 Stat. 4, related to nonbroadcast media rates.

Section 803, Pub. L. 92-225, title I, §104(a), (b), Feb. 7, 1972, 86 Stat. 5, related to limitations of expenditures for use of communications media.

Section 804, Pub. L. 92-225, title I, §105, Feb. 7, 1972, 86 Stat. 7, related to regulations prescribed under this chapter.

Section 805, Pub. L. 92-225, title I, §106, Feb. 7, 1972, 86 Stat. 8, related to penalties imposed under this chapter.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL**

Sections 801 to 805 repealed effective Jan. 1, 1975, see section 410(a) of Pub. L. 93-443, set out as an Effective Date of 1974 Amendment note under section 30101 of Title 52, Voting and Elections.

CHAPTER 8—NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION**SUBCHAPTER I—ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS****Sec.**

- 901. Definitions; findings; policy.
- 902. Establishment; assigned functions.
- 903. Spectrum management activities.
- 904. General administrative provisions.
- 905. Omitted.
- 906. Wireless supply chain innovation and multi-lateral security.

SUBCHAPTER II—TRANSFER OF AUCTIONABLE FREQUENCIES

- 921. Definitions.
- 922. National spectrum allocation planning.
- 923. Identification of reallocable frequencies.
- 924. Withdrawal or limitation of assignment to Federal Government stations.
- 925. Distribution of frequencies by Commission.
- 926. Authority to recover reassigned frequencies.
- 927. Existing allocation and transfer authority retained.
- 928. Spectrum Relocation Fund.
- 929. National security and other sensitive information.

SUBCHAPTER III—MISCELLANEOUS

- 941. Child-friendly second-level Internet domain.
- 942. Coordination of 9-1-1, E9-1-1, and Next Generation 9-1-1 implementation.

SUBCHAPTER I—ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS**§ 901. Definitions; findings; policy****(a) Definitions**

In this chapter, the following definitions apply:

(1) The term “NTIA” means the National Telecommunications and Information Administration.

(2) The term “Assistant Secretary” means the Assistant Secretary for Communications and Information.

(3) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Commerce.

(4) The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(5) The term “Corporation” means the Communications Satellite Corporation authorized in title III of the Communications Satellite Act of 1962 (47 U.S.C. 731 et seq.).

(b) Findings

The Congress finds the following:

(1) Telecommunications and information are vital to the public welfare, national security, and competitiveness of the United States.

(2) Rapid technological advances being made in the telecommunications and information fields make it imperative that the United States maintain effective national and international policies and programs capable of taking advantage of continued advancements.