execution of laws, and increases in efficiency of Government operations expected as a result of the reorganizations included in the plan.

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 95-17 added subsec. (c).

1971—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 92–179,  $\S2(a)$ , restructured provisions covering requirements of findings of fact and certification by placing in a position preceding par. (1) provisions formerly set out following par. (6).

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 92–179, §2(b), inserted provisions limiting to one plan within any period of thirty consecutive days the allowable number of plans submitted.

## **Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

Effective Date of 1967 Amendment

Amendment by Pub. L. 90-83 effective Sept. 6, 1966, for all purposes, see section 9(h) of Pub. L. 90-83, set out as a note under section 5102 of this title.

## §904. Additional contents of reorganization plan

A reorganization plan transmitted by the President under section 903 of this title—

(1) may, subject to section 905, change, in such cases as the President considers necessary, the name of an agency affected by a reorganization and the title of its head, and shall designate the name of an agency resulting from a reorganization and the title of its head:

(2) may provide for the appointment and pay of the head and one or more officers of any agency (including an agency resulting from a consolidation or other type of reorganization) if the President finds, and in his message transmitting the plan declares, that by reason of a reorganization made by the plan the provisions are necessary;

(3) shall provide for the transfer or other disposition of the records, property, and personnel affected by a reorganization;

(4) shall provide for the transfer of such unexpended balances of appropriations, and of other funds, available for use in connection with a function or agency affected by a reorganization, as the President considers necessary by reason of the reorganization for use in connection with the functions affected by the reorganization, or for the use of the agency which shall have the functions after the reorganization plan is effective; and

(5) shall provide for terminating the affairs of an agency abolished.

A reorganization plan transmitted by the President containing provisions authorized by paragraph (2) of this section may provide that the head of an agency be an individual or a commission or board with more than one member. In the case of an appointment of the head of such an agency, the term of office may not be fixed at more than four years, the pay may not be at a rate in excess of that found by the President to be applicable to comparable officers in the executive branch, and if the appointment is not to a position in the competitive service, it shall be by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any reorganization plan transmitted by the President containing provisions required by paragraph (4) of this section shall provide for the transfer of unexpended balances only if such balances are used for the purposes for which the appropriation was originally made.

(Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 395; Pub. L. 92-179, §3, Dec. 10, 1971, 85 Stat. 575; Pub. L. 95-17, §2, Apr. 6, 1977, 91 Stat. 31; Pub. L. 98-614, §5(b), Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3194.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Derivation	U.S. Code	Revised Statutes and Statutes at Large
	5 U.S.C. 133z–2.	June 20, 1949, ch. 226, §4, 63 Stat. 204.

In paragraph (1), the words "may change" are substituted for "shall change" in view of the discretionary grant of authority reflected by the words "in such cases as the President considers necessary".

In paragraph (2), the words "competitive service" are substituted for "classified civil service" to conform to the definition in section 2102.

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

# **Editorial Notes**

Amendments

1984—Par. (1). Pub. L. 98-614 inserted ", subject to section 905.".

1977—Pub. L. 95–17 struck out in provisions following par. (5) exception that, in the case of an officer of the government of the District of Columbia, the appointment of the head of an agency may be by the Commissioner or other body of that government designated in the plan.

1971—Pub. L. 92–179 revised the form of the provisions covering the elements which a reorganization plan contains by moving provisions formerly set out in par. (2) to a position following par. (5).

# §905. Limitation on powers

(a) A reorganization plan may not provide for, and a reorganization under this chapter may not have the effect of—

(1) creating a new executive department or renaming an existing executive department, abolishing or transferring an executive department or independent regulatory agency, or all the functions thereof, or consolidating two or more executive departments or two or more independent regulatory agencies, or all the functions thereof;

(2) continuing an agency beyond the period authorized by law for its existence or beyond the time when it would have terminated if the reorganization had not been made;

(3) continuing a function beyond the period authorized by law for its exercise or beyond the time when it would have terminated if the reorganization had not been made;

(4) authorizing an agency to exercise a function which is not expressly authorized by law at the time the plan is transmitted to Congress;

(5) creating a new agency which is not a component or part of an existing executive department or independent agency;

(6) increasing the term of an office beyond that provided by law for the office; or

(7) dealing with more than one logically consistent subject matter.

(b) A provision contained in a reorganization plan may take effect only if the plan is transmitted to Congress (in accordance with section 903(b)) on or before December 31, 1984. (Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 396; Pub. L. 91-5, Mar. 27, 1969, 83 Stat. 6; Pub. L. 92-179, §4, Dec. 10, 1971, 85 Stat. 576; Pub. L. 95-17, §2, Apr. 6, 1977, 91 Stat. 31; Pub. L. 96-230, Apr. 8, 1980, 94 Stat. 329; Pub. L. 98-614, §§ 2(a), 5(a), Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3192, 3193.)

Derivation	U.S. Code	Revised Statutes and Statutes at Large
(a)	5 U.S.C. 133z–3(a).	June 20, 1949, ch. 226, §5(a), 63 Stat. 205. July 2, 1964, Pub. L. 88-351, §2, 78 Stat. 240.
(b)	5 U.S.C. 133z–3(b).	June 20, 1949, ch. 226, §5(b), 63 Stat. 205. Feb. 11, 1953, ch. 3, 67 Stat. 4. Mar. 25, 1955, ch. 16, 69 Stat. 14. Sept. 4, 1957, Pub. L. 85–286, §1, 71 Stat. 611. Apr. 7, 1961, Pub. L. 87–18, 75 Stat. 41. July 2, 1964, Pub. L. 88–351, §1, 78 Stat. 240. June 18, 1965, Pub. L. 89–43, 79 Stat. 135.

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

# **Editorial Notes**

#### Amendments

1984—Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 98–614, §5(a)(1), inserted "or renaming an existing executive department".

Subsec. (a)(5) to (7). Pub. L. 98-614,  $\S5(a)(2)$ , added par. (5) and redesignated former pars. (5) and (6) as (6) and (7), respectively.

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 98-614, §2(a), substituted "(in accordance with section 903(b)) on or before December 31, 1984" for "within four years of the date of enactment of the Reorganization Act of 1977".

1980—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 96-230 substituted "four years" for "three years".

1977—Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 95–17 substituted "an executive department or independent regulatory agency," for "an Executive department" and "or more executive departments or two or more independent regulatory agencies," for "or more Executive departments".

Subsec. (a)(6), (7). Pub. L. 95–17 redesignated par. (7) as (6). Former par. (6), which related to limitation on reorganization plans that have effect of transferring to or consolidating with another agency the government of the District of Columbia or all the functions thereof which are subject to this chapter, or abolishing that government or all those functions, was struck out.

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 95–17 substituted "within three years of the date of enactment of the Reorganization Act of 1977" for "before April 1, 1973".

1971—Subsec. (a)(7). Pub. L. 92–179, 4(a), added par. (7).

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 92–179, §4(b), substituted "April 1, 1973" for "April 1, 1971".

1969—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 91-5 substituted "April 1, 1971" for "December 31, 1968".

#### **Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

#### PLAN FOR TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT REORGANIZATION

Pub. L. 104-50, title III, §335, Nov. 15, 1995, 109 Stat. 458, provided in part that, notwithstanding section 905(b) of this section, the President could prepare and transmit to Congress not later than the date for transmittal of the Budget Request for Fiscal Year 1997, a reorganization plan, pursuant to chapter 9 of this title. for the Department of Transportation surface transportation activities and the relationship of the Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation to the Department.

# §906. Effective date and publication of reorganization plans

(a) Except as provided under subsection (c) of this section, a reorganization plan shall be effective upon approval by the President of a resolution (as defined in section 909) with respect to such plan, if such resolution is passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate, within the first period of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to Congress. Failure of either House to act upon such resolution by the end of such period shall be the same as disapproval of the resolution.

(b) For the purpose of this chapter—

(1) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die; and

(2) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of any period of time in which Congress is in continuous session.

(c) Under provisions contained in a reorganization plan, any provision thereof may be effective at a time later than the date on which the plan otherwise is effective.

(d) A reorganization plan which is effective shall be printed (1) in the Statutes at Large in the same volume as the public laws and (2) in the Federal Register.

(Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 396; Pub. L. 95-17, §2, Apr. 6, 1977, 91 Stat. 32; Pub. L. 98-614, §3(a), Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3192.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Derivation	U.S. Code	Revised Statutes and Statutes at Large
(a)-(c)	5 U.S.C. 133z–4.	June 20, 1949, ch. 226, §6, 63 Stat. 205. Sept. 4, 1957, Pub. L. 85-286, §2, 71 Stat. 611.
(d)	5 U.S.C. 133z–9.	June 20, 1949, ch. 226, §11, 63 Stat. 206.

Standard changes are made to conform with the definitions applicable and the style of this title as outlined in the preface to the report.

# **Editorial Notes**

# Amendments

1984—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 98-614, §3(a)(1), struck out "otherwise" before "provided under subsection (c)", substituted "shall be" for "is" before "effective", and substituted "upon approval by the President of a resolution (as defined in section 909) with respect to such plan, if such resolution is passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate, within the first period of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to Congress. Failure of either House to act upon such resolution by the end of such period shall be the same as disapproval of the resolution" for "at the end of the first period of sixty calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to it unless, between the date of transmittal and the end of the sixty-day period, either House passes a resolution stating in substance that the House does not favor the reorganization plan.'