Destruction Office, shall carry out a program to coordinate the Department's efforts related to defending the food, agriculture, and veterinary systems of the United States against terrorism and other high-consequence events that pose a high risk to homeland security.

# (b) Program elements

The coordination program required by subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- (1) Providing oversight and management of the Department's responsibilities pursuant to Homeland Security Presidential Directive 9-Defense of United States Agriculture and Food
- (2) Providing oversight and integration of the Department's activities related to veterinary public health, food defense, and agricultural security.
- (3) Leading the Department's policy initiatives relating to food, animal, and agricultural incidents, and the impact of such incidents on animal and public health.
- (4) Leading the Department's policy initiatives relating to overall domestic preparedness for and collective response to agricultural terrorism.
- (5) Coordinating with other Department components, including U.S. Customs and Border Protection, as appropriate, on activities related to food and agriculture security and screening procedures for domestic and imported products.
- (6) Coordinating with appropriate Federal departments and agencies.
- (7) Other activities as determined necessary by the Secretary.

# (c) Rule of construction

Nothing in this section may be construed as altering or superseding the authority of the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

(Pub. L. 107–296, title V, \$528, as added Pub. L. 115–43, \$2(a), June 30, 2017, 131 Stat. 884; amended Pub. L. 115–387, \$2(f)(5), Dec. 21, 2018, 132 Stat. 5168)

# **Editorial Notes**

# AMENDMENTS

2018—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 115–387 substituted "the Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction Office," for "Health Affairs,".

# § 321r. Transfer of equipment during a public health emergency

# (a) Authorization of transfer of equipment

During a public health emergency declared by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 247d(a) of title 42, the Secretary, at the request of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, may transfer to the Department of Health and Human Services, on a reimbursable basis, excess personal protective equipment or medically necessary equipment in the possession of the Department.

# (b) Determination by Secretaries

#### (1) In general

In carrying out this section—

- (A) before requesting a transfer under subsection (a), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall determine whether the personal protective equipment or medically necessary equipment is otherwise available; and
- (B) before initiating a transfer under subsection (a), the Secretary, in consultation with the heads of each component within the Department, shall—
  - (i) determine whether the personal protective equipment or medically necessary equipment requested to be transferred under subsection (a) is excess equipment; and
  - (ii) certify that the transfer of the personal protective equipment or medically necessary equipment will not adversely impact the health or safety of officers, employees, or contractors of the Department.

#### (2) Notification

The Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary shall each submit to Congress a notification explaining the determination made under subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, of paragraph (1).

# (3) Required inventory

### (A) In general

The Secretary shall—

- (i) acting through the Chief Medical Officer of the Department, maintain an inventory of all personal protective equipment and medically necessary equipment in the possession of the Department; and
- (ii) make the inventory required under clause (i) available, on a continual basis, to—
  - (I) the Secretary of Health and Human Services; and
- (II) the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.

# (B) Form

Each inventory required to be made available under subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(Pub. L. 107–296, title V, \$529, as added Pub. L. 117–58, div. G, title IX, \$70953(f)(2)(A), Nov. 15, 2021, 135 Stat. 1315.)

# § 322. Continuity of the economy plan

# (a) Requirement

# (1) In general

The President shall develop and maintain a plan to maintain and restore the economy of the United States in response to a significant event.

# (2) Principles

The plan required under paragraph (1) shall—

- (A) be consistent with—
  - (i) a free market economy; and

- (ii) the rule of law; and
- (B) respect private property rights.

#### (3) Contents

The plan required under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) examine the distribution of goods and services across the United States necessary for the reliable functioning of the United States during a significant event;

(B) identify the economic functions of relevant actors, the disruption, corruption, or dysfunction of which would have a debilitating effect in the United States on—

(i) security;

- (ii) economic security;
- (iii) defense readiness; or
- (iv) public health or safety;
- (C) identify the critical distribution mechanisms for each economic sector that should be prioritized for operation during a significant event, including—
  - (i) bulk power and electric transmission systems;
  - (ii) national and international financial systems, including wholesale payments, stocks, and currency exchanges;
  - (iii) national and international communications networks, data-hosting services, and cloud services;
  - (iv) interstate oil and natural gas pipelines; and
  - (v) mechanisms for the interstate and international trade and distribution of materials, food, and medical supplies, including road, rail, air, and maritime shipping;
- (D) identify economic functions of relevant actors, the disruption, corruption, or dysfunction of which would cause—
  - (i) catastrophic economic loss;
  - (ii) the loss of public confidence; or
  - (iii) the widespread imperilment of human life;
- (E) identify the economic functions of relevant actors that are so vital to the economy of the United States that the disruption, corruption, or dysfunction of those economic functions would undermine response, recovery, or mobilization efforts during a significant event;
- (F) incorporate, to the greatest extent practicable, the principles and practices contained within Federal plans for the continuity of Government and continuity of operations;
  - (G) identify-
  - (i) industrial control networks for which a loss of internet connectivity, a loss of network integrity or availability, an exploitation of a system connected to the network, or another failure, disruption, corruption, or dysfunction would have a debilitating effect in the United States on—
    - (I) security;
    - (II) economic security;
    - (III) defense readiness; or
    - (IV) public health or safety; and
  - (ii) for each industrial control network identified under clause (i), risk mitigation measures, including—

- (I) the installation of parallel services; (II) the use of stand-alone analog services; or
- (III) the significant hardening of the industrial control network against failure, disruption, corruption, or dysfunction:
- (H) identify critical economic sectors for which the preservation of data in a protected, verified, and uncorrupted status would be required for the quick recovery of the economy of the United States in the face of a significant disruption following a significant event;
- (I) include a list of raw materials, industrial goods, and other items, the absence of which would significantly undermine the ability of the United States to sustain the functions described in subparagraphs (B), (D), and (E);
- (J) provide an analysis of supply chain diversification for the items described in subparagraph (I) in the event of a disruption caused by a significant event;
  - (K) include-

(i) a recommendation as to whether the United States should maintain a strategic reserve of 1 or more of the items described in subparagraph (I); and

- (ii) for each item described in subparagraph (I) for which the President recommends maintaining a strategic reserve under clause (i), an identification of mechanisms for tracking inventory and availability of the item in the strategic reserve;
- (L) identify mechanisms in existence on January 1, 2021 and mechanisms that can be developed to ensure that the swift transport and delivery of the items described in subparagraph (I) is feasible in the event of a distribution network disturbance or degradation, including a distribution network disturbance or degradation caused by a significant event:
- (M) include guidance for determining the prioritization for the distribution of the items described in subparagraph (I), including distribution to States and Indian Tribes;
- (N) consider the advisability and feasibility of mechanisms for extending the credit of the United States or providing other financial support authorized by law to key participants in the economy of the United States if the extension or provision of other financial support—
  - (i) is necessary to avoid severe economic degradation; or
  - (ii) allows for the recovery from a significant event:
- (O) include guidance for determining categories of employees that should be prioritized to continue to work in order to sustain the functions described in subparagraphs (B), (D), and (E) in the event that there are limitations on the ability of individuals to travel to workplaces or to work remotely, including considerations for defense readiness;
- (P) identify critical economic sectors necessary to provide material and operational support to the defense of the United States;

- (Q) determine whether the Secretary of Homeland Security, the National Guard, and the Secretary of Defense have adequate authority to assist the United States in a recovery from a severe economic degradation caused by a significant event:
- (R) review and assess the authority and capability of heads of other agencies that the President determines necessary to assist the United States in a recovery from a severe economic degradation caused by a significant event; and
- (S) consider any other matter that would aid in protecting and increasing the resilience of the economy of the United States from a significant event.

#### (b) Coordination

In developing the plan required under subsection (a)(1), the President shall—

- (1) receive advice from-
  - (A) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
  - (B) the Secretary of Defense;
  - (C) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (D) the Secretary of Health and Human Services:
  - (E) the Secretary of Commerce;
  - (F) the Secretary of Transportation;
  - (G) the Secretary of Energy;
- (H) the Administrator of the Small Business Administration; and
- (I) the head of any other agency that the President determines necessary to complete the plan;
- (2) consult with economic sectors relating to critical infrastructure through sector-coordinated councils, as appropriate;
- (3) consult with relevant State, Tribal, and local governments and organizations that represent those governments; and
- (4) consult with any other non-Federal entity that the President determines necessary to complete the plan.

# (c) Submission to Congress

# (1) In general

Not later than 2 years after January 1, 2021, and not less frequently than every 3 years thereafter, the President shall submit the plan required under subsection (a)(1) and the information described in paragraph (2) to—

- (A) the majority and minority leaders of the Senate;
- (B) the Speaker and the minority leader of the House of Representatives;
- (C) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate;
- (D) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives;
- (E) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate:
- (F) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives;
- (G) the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate;
- (H) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate;
- (I) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives;
- (J) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;

- (K) the Committee on Finance of the Senate:
- (L) the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives;
- (M) the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate;
- (N) the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives;
- (O) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate;
- (P) the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate;
- (Q) the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate;
- (R) the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives;
- (S) Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives; and
- (T) any other committee of the Senate or the House of Representatives that has jurisdiction over the subject of the plan.

### (2) Additional information

The information described in this paragraph

- (A) any change to Federal law that would be necessary to carry out the plan required under subsection (a)(1); and
- (B) any proposed changes to the funding levels provided in appropriation Acts for the most recent fiscal year that can be implemented in future appropriation Acts or additional resources necessary to—
  - (i) implement the plan required under subsection (a)(1); or
  - (ii) maintain any program offices and personnel necessary to—
  - (I) maintain the plan required under subsection (a)(1) and the plans described in subsection (a)(3)(F); and
  - (II) conduct exercises, assessments, and updates to the plans described in subclause (I) over time.

# (3) Budget of the President

The President may include the information described in paragraph (2)(B) in the budget required to be submitted by the President under section 1105(a) of title 31.

#### (d) Definitions

In this section:

- (1) The term "agency" has the meaning given the term in section 551 of title 5.
- (2) The term "economic sector" means a sector of the economy of the United States.
  - (3) The term "relevant actor" means—
    - (A) the Federal Government;
    - (B) a State, local, or Tribal government; or
    - (C) the private sector.
- (4) The term "significant event" means an event that causes severe degradation to economic activity in the United States due to—
  - (A) a cyber attack; or
  - (B) another significant event that is natural or human-caused.
- (5) The term "State" means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any possession of the United States.

(Pub. L. 116–283, div. H, title XCVI, §9603, Jan. 1, 2021, 134 Stat. 4829.)

#### **Editorial Notes**

#### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021, and not as part of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 which comprises this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER VI—TREATMENT OF CHARITABLE TRUSTS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

# § 331. Treatment of charitable trusts for members of the Armed Forces of the United States and other governmental organizations

# (a) Findings

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States defend the freedom and security of our Nation.
- (2) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States have lost their lives while battling the evils of terrorism around the world.
- (3) Personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) charged with the responsibility of covert observation of terrorists around the world are often put in harm's way during their service to the United States.
- (4) Personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency have also lost their lives while battling the evils of terrorism around the world.
- (5) Employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and other Federal agencies charged with domestic protection of the United States put their lives at risk on a daily basis for the freedom and security of our Nation.
- (6) United States military personnel, CIA personnel, FBI personnel, and other Federal agents in the service of the United States are patriots of the highest order.
- (7) CIA officer Johnny Micheal Spann became the first American to give his life for his country in the War on Terrorism declared by President George W. Bush following the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.
- (8) Johnny Micheal Spann left behind a wife and children who are very proud of the heroic actions of their patriot father.
- (9) Surviving dependents of members of the Armed Forces of the United States who lose their lives as a result of terrorist attacks or military operations abroad receive a \$6,000 death benefit, plus a small monthly benefit.
- (10) The current system of compensating spouses and children of American patriots is inequitable and needs improvement.

# (b) Designation of Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trusts

Any charitable corporation, fund, foundation, or trust (or separate fund or account thereof) which otherwise meets all applicable requirements under law with respect to charitable entities and meets the requirements described in subsection (c) shall be eligible to characterize

itself as a "Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust".

# (c) Requirements for the designation of Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trusts

The requirements described in this subsection are as follows:

- (1) Not taking into account funds or donations reasonably necessary to establish a trust, at least 85 percent of all funds or donations (including any earnings on the investment of such funds or donations) received or collected by any Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust must be distributed to (or, if placed in a private foundation, held in trust for) surviving spouses, children, or dependent parents, grandparents, or siblings of 1 or more of the following:
- (A) members of the Armed Forces of the United States:
- (B) personnel, including contractors, of elements of the intelligence community, as defined in section 3003(4) of title 50;
- (C) employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and
- (D) officers, employees, or contract employees of the United States Government,

whose deaths occur in the line of duty and arise out of terrorist attacks, military operations, intelligence operations, or law enforcement operations or accidents connected with activities occurring after September 11, 2001, and related to domestic or foreign efforts to curb international terrorism, including the Authorization for Use of Military Force (Public Law 107–40; 115 Stat. 224).

- (2) Other than funds or donations reasonably necessary to establish a trust, not more than 15 percent of all funds or donations (or 15 percent of annual earnings on funds invested in a private foundation) may be used for administrative purposes.
- (3) No part of the net earnings of any Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust may inure to the benefit of any individual based solely on the position of such individual as a shareholder, an officer or employee of such Trust.
- (4) None of the activities of any Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust shall be conducted in a manner inconsistent with any law that prohibits attempting to influence legislation
- (5) No Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust may participate in or intervene in any political campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for public office, including by publication or distribution of statements.
- (6) Each Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust shall comply with the instructions and directions of the Director of Central Intelligence, the Attorney General, or the Secretary of Defense relating to the protection of intelligence sources and methods, sensitive law enforcement information, or other sensitive national security information, including methods for confidentially disbursing funds.
- (7) Each Johnny Micheal Spann Patriot Trust that receives annual contributions totaling more than \$1,000,000 must be audited annually by an independent certified public accounting firm. Such audits shall be filed with