

(B) carry out that regulation or enter into a contract with a boxing commission to carry out that regulation.

**(2) Standards and licensing**

If a tribal organization regulates professional boxing matches pursuant to paragraph (1), the tribal organization shall, by tribal ordinance or resolution, establish and provide for the implementation of health and safety standards, licensing requirements, and other requirements relating to the conduct of professional boxing matches that are at least as restrictive as—

(A) the otherwise applicable standards and requirements of a State in which the reservation is located; or

(B) the most recently published version of the recommended regulatory guidelines certified and published by the Association of Boxing Commissions.

(Pub. L. 104-272, §21, formerly §13, Oct. 9, 1996, 110 Stat. 3313; renumbered §21, Pub. L. 106-210, §4(1), May 26, 2000, 114 Stat. 322.)

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective Jan. 1, 1997, see section 23 of Pub. L. 104-272, set out as a note under section 6301 of this title.

**§ 6313. Relationship with State law**

Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a State from adopting or enforcing supplemental or more stringent laws or regulations not inconsistent with this chapter, or criminal, civil, or administrative fines for violations of such laws or regulations.

(Pub. L. 104-272, §22, formerly §14, Oct. 9, 1996, 110 Stat. 3313; renumbered §22, Pub. L. 106-210, §4(1), May 26, 2000, 114 Stat. 322.)

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective Jan. 1, 1997, see section 23 of Pub. L. 104-272, set out as a note under section 6301 of this title.

**CHAPTER 90—PROPANE EDUCATION AND RESEARCH**

Sec.	
6401.	Findings.
6402.	Definitions.
6403.	Referenda.
6404.	Propane Education and Research Council.
6405.	Assessments.
6406.	Compliance.
6407.	Lobbying restrictions.
6408.	Market survey and consumer protection.
6409.	Pricing.
6410.	Relation to other programs.
6411.	Reports.

**§ 6401. Findings**

The Congress finds that—

(1) propane gas, or liquefied petroleum gas, is an essential energy commodity providing heat, hot water, cooking fuel, and motor fuel among its many uses to millions of Americans;

(2) the use of propane is especially important to rural citizens and farmers, offering an efficient and economical source of gas energy;

(3) propane has been recognized as a clean fuel and can contribute in many ways to reducing the pollution in our cities and towns; and

(4) propane is primarily domestically produced and its use provides energy security and jobs for Americans.

(Pub. L. 104-284, §2, Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3370.)

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**SHORT TITLE OF 2014 AMENDMENT**

Pub. L. 113-269, §1, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2947, provided that: “This Act [amending sections 6404 and 6408 of this title] may be cited as the ‘Propane Education and Research Enhancement Act of 2014’.”

**SHORT TITLE**

Pub. L. 104-284, §1, Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3370, provided that: “This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the ‘Propane Education and Research Act of 1996’.”

**§ 6402. Definitions**

For the purposes of this chapter—

(1) the term “Council” means a Propane Education and Research Council created pursuant to section 6403 of this title;

(2) the term “industry” means those persons involved in the production, transportation, and sale of propane, and in the manufacture and distribution of propane utilization equipment, in the United States;

(3) the term “industry trade association” means an organization exempt from tax, under section 501(c)(3) or (6) of title 26, representing the propane industry;

(4) the term “odorized propane” means propane which has had odorant added to it;

(5) the term “producer” means the owner of propane at the time it is recovered at a gas processing plant or refinery;

(6) the term “propane” means a hydrocarbon whose chemical composition is predominantly C<sup>3</sup>H<sup>8</sup>, whether recovered from natural gas or crude oil, and includes liquefied petroleum gases and mixtures thereof;

(7) the term “public member” means a member of the Council, other than a representative of producers or retail marketers, representing significant users of propane, public safety officials, academia, the propane research community, or other groups knowledgeable about propane;

(8) the term “qualified industry organization” means the National Propane Gas Association, the Gas Processors Association, a successor association of such associations, or a group of retail marketers or producers who collectively represent at least 25 percent of the volume of propane sold or produced in the United States;

(9) the term “retail marketer” means a person engaged primarily in the sale of odorized propane to the ultimate consumer or to retail propane dispensers;

(10) the term “retail propane dispenser” means a person who sells odorized propane to the ultimate consumer but is not engaged primarily in the business of such sales; and

(11) the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Energy.